### International Civil Aviation Organization



AUTOMATIC DEPENDENT
SURVEILLANCE – BROADCAST SEMINAR
AND FOURTEENTH MEETING OF
AUTOMATIC DEPENDENT
SURVEILLANCE – BROADCAST (ADS-B)
STUDY AND IMPLEMENTATION TASK
FORCE (ADS-B SITF/14)



Christchurch, New Zealand, 14 – 17 April 2015

**Agenda Item 5:** 

Development of Asia/Pacific Regional ADS-B implementation plan and sub-regional ADS-B implementation plan – Update on near-term implementation plan in South China Sea

## UPDATE ON THE ADS-B COLLABORATION PROJECT IN THE SOUTH CHINA SEA

(Presented by Singapore)

#### **SUMMARY**

This paper updates the Task Force on the progress of the collaborative efforts of Indonesia, Singapore and Viet Nam to achieve a seamless ADS-B surveillance coverage over a portion of the South China Sea area with the aim of improving safety, capacity and efficiency, as well as the way forward.

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 Under the initial phase of the ADS-B collaboration project over the South China Sea area:
  - a) Singapore would share its ADS-B data from Singapore with Indonesia;
  - b) Indonesia would share its ADS-B data from Matak and Natuna with Singapore;
  - c) Indonesia would provide access of the VHF radio facilities at Matak and Natuna to Singapore for air traffic services (ATS);
  - d) Viet Nam would share its ADS-B data from Con Son with Singapore; and
  - e) Viet Nam would provide access of the VHF radio facilities at Con Son to Singapore for ATS.
- 1.2 The purpose of the collaboration is to provide surveillance and DCPC coverage over a portion of the South China Sea area including two main ATS routes L642 and M771.
- 1.3 At the ADS-B SITF/13 meeting held in April 2014, the following updates were provided:

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- a) Singapore had received ADS-B data from the Indonesian islands of Matak and Natuna while Indonesia received ADS-B data from Singapore. The implementation of DCPC services from Matak and Natuna were on going.
- b) Singapore had received ADS-B data from Con Son. The VHF radio sets at Con Son for DCPC services have also been commissioned and used operationally for ATS in Singapore FIR.
- 1.4 This paper serves to update the meeting on the significant progress since then and the way forward.

#### 2. Discussions

## **Technical Implementation**

- 2.1 Following the last update, the DCPC services at Matak and Natuna were commissioned in end 2014.
- 2.2 The commissioning of the DCPC services at Matak and Natuna marks the end of the initial Phase of the South China Sea ADS-B collaboration project.

## **Operationalization**

- 2.3 The implementation of ADS-B under the collaboration project extended surveillance coverage on ATS routes L642 and M771 along with M753, N892, L644 and N891. See **Figure 1** of **Annex A**. Singapore and Viet Nam have agreed on a progressive phased approach to reduce longitudinal separation to allow airspace users to reap the optimum benefits of ADS-B on the respective ATS routes. The following phased approach to reduce longitudinal separation, for aircraft that are suitably equipped, has been adopted;
  - a) From the previous 50 NM to 40 NM on 12 December 2013;
  - b) 30 NM commenced on 24 July 2014; and
  - c) 20 NM planned for end of 2015.
- 2.4 Singapore is also exploring the possibility of implementing reduced separation onto more routes such as L625 and M758. See **Figure 2** of **Annex A**.

#### **Subsequent Phases**

- 2.5 Singapore is exploring with Brunei, the Philippines and Viet Nam on ways to cover the remaining surveillance gaps in the South China Sea.
- 2.6 Thus far, high level memoranda of cooperation were signed between Singapore and the Philippines and between Singapore and Brunei on 11 February 2014 and 27 November 2014 respectively, agreeing in-principle on ADS-B collaboration. Viet Nam has also in-principle agreed to provide additional ADS-B data to Singapore to cover surveillance gaps.

# 3. Action by the meeting

- 3.1 The meeting is invited to:
  - a) note the progress of the project and the collaborations between States involved in working towards enhancing safety, capacity and efficiency of ATS in this region;
  - b) encourage ADS-B collaboration between States.

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## Annex A

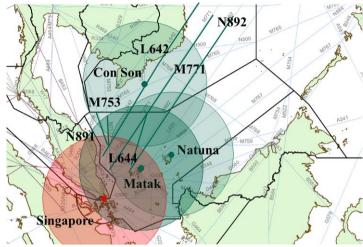


Fig 1: Initial Phase of ADS-B collaboration project over the South China Sea

